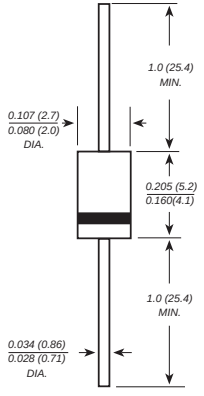
BY127 THRU BY133

GENERAL PURPOSE SILICON RECTIFIER

Reverse Voltage - 1250 to 1300 Volts Forward Current - 1.0 Ampere

DO-41



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

FEATURES

- The plastic package carries Underwriters Laboratory Flammability Classification 94V-0
- Construction utilizes void-free molded plastic technique
- Low reverse leakage
- High forward surge current capability
- High temperature soldering guaranteed:
  250℃/10 seconds,0.375"(9.5mm) lead length, 5 lbs. (2.3kg) tension

MECHANICAL DATA

Case: JEDEC DO-41 molded plastic body
Terminals: Plated axial leads, solderable per MIL-STD-750, Method 2026
Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
Mounting Position: Any
Weight:0.012 ounce, 0.33 grams

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25℃ ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase half-wave 60Hz,resistive or inductive load,for capacitive load current derate by 20%.

	SYMBOLS	**BY127**	**BY133**	**UNITS**
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	1250	1300	VOLTS
Maximum RMS voltage	V_{RMS}	875	910	VOLTS
Maximum DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	1250	1300	VOLTS
Maximum average forward rectified current 0.375"(9.5mm) lead length at T_A=75℃	$I_{(AV)}$	1.0		Amp
Peak forward surge current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)	I_{FSM}	30.0		Amps
Maximum instantaneous forward voltage at 1.0A	V_F	1.1		Volts
Maximum DC reverse current T_A=25℃ at rated DC blocking voltage T_A=100℃	I_R	5.0 50.0		mA
Typical junction capacitance (NOTE 1)	C_J	15.0		pF
Typical thermal resistance (NOTE 2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	50.0		°C/W
Operating junction and storage temperature range	T_J,T_{STG}	-65 to +175		°C

Note:1.Measured at 1MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V D.C.
2.Thermal resistance from junction to ambient at 0.375"(9.5mm)lead length,P.C.B. mounted

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES BY127 THRU BY133

FIG. 1- FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

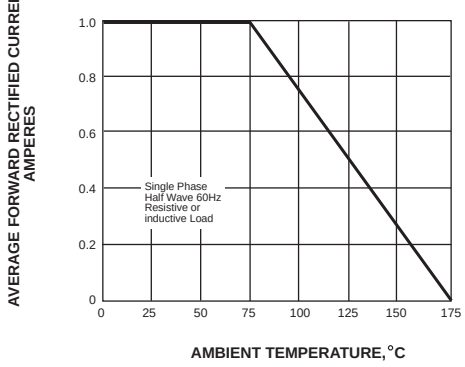


FIG. 2-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

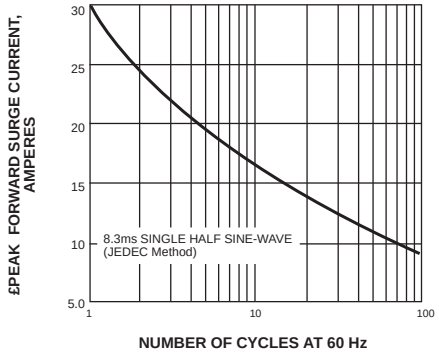


FIG. 3-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

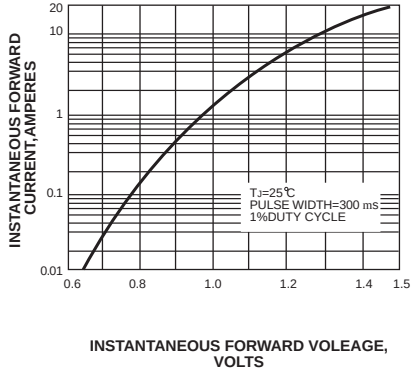


FIG. 4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

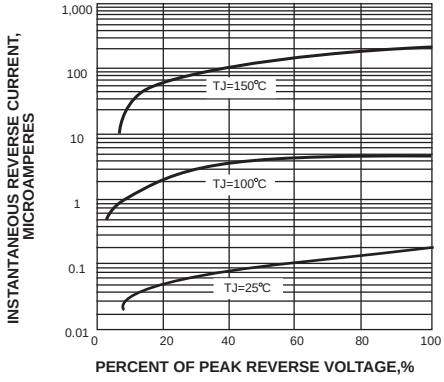


FIG. 5-TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

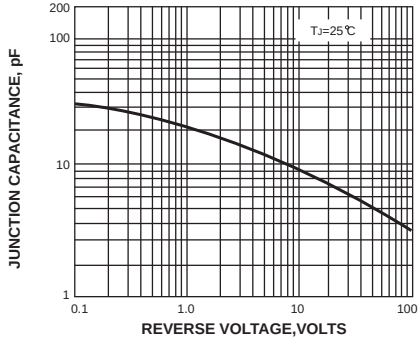


FIG. 6-TYPICAL TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE